This document Forested to See 2003/08/05 : CA-RDP82-00457R000600490007-9 CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the confidence to the confidence letter c1 (1) Coto.c: 10/8 from the Director of Central intolligence to the CONFIDE Archivist of the United States. Next Review Date: 2008 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GR INTELLIGENCE REPORT Germany/Russian Zone COUNTRY Legal Status of Sowlet A.G. 's SUBJECT DIST. 3 June 1947 PAGES 2 25X1 25X1 SUPPLEMENT. ORIGIN ATTACREENT 25X1 DISTRIBUTION RKI C&D STATE WAR NAVY 25X From the juridical point of view, it is still uncertain whether the acquisition of German properties by the Soviet AG's constiı. tutes a legal change of ownership or a unllateral confiscation

- 1. From the juridical point of view, it is still uncertain whether the acquisition of German properties by the Soviet AG's constitutes a legal change of ownership or a unliateral confiscation by the Russian delegate. The first appears to be the intention of the Russians, who occasionally speak of a "sale" and of "giving legal force" to the transactions. Sowever, German law requires that the former owners be represented when a transfer of ownership is made, and the commissions appointed for this purpose by the SMA orders do not include any such representative, having on the German side only a representative of the state government (see para. 2 of the attachment) and sometimes a German employee of the new Soviet firm. If no legally effective transfer has taken place, then there is no change of ownership which is effective in German civil law. Lawyers and public officials are anxious to have this question clarified.
- 2. Since the Russian enterprises have been set up in the form of stock companies, they appear to be commercial undertakings subject to the law of the country where they are located. The German view, accordingly, is that their legal relationships should be regulated by German law. Havertheless, the Russian companies demand an exceptional position which is taniamount to extra-territoriality, as illustrated in the following connections:
 - a. The supply of fuel and rew materials; the Bussian firms demand the full satisfaction of their requirements, whereas German firms obtain only a small part of what they need.
 - b. The food supply and pay scales for the management and many of the workers, who receive considerably higher allotments than employees of German firms.

DOCUMENT NO.

NO CHANGE DECLISE IT IN THE COMMENT OF THE COMMENT O

CLASSIFICATION SECRET

WARNING NOTICE: THIS DISTRIBUTION LISTING MUST

EXCISED BEFORE PUBLIC RELEASE OF THIS DOCUMENT.
Approved For Release 2003/08/05: CIA-RDP82-00457R000600490007-9

25X1

25X1